



# Learn More About Title V's Role in TEFRA and HCBS

## TITLE V ROLE IN TEFRA AND HCBS

State Title V CYSHCN programs are knowledgeable about the needs of CYSHCN and their families and have relationships with family leader organizations, community-based organizations, and Medicaid, making them well positioned to support access to HCBS and TEFRA programs and provide input on their implementation and evaluation.

Title V roles can include:

- Providing input on new eligibility and enrollment systems to ensure that CYSHCN who are Medicaid eligible under TEFRA are enrolled in Medicaid and therefore have services covered under the EPSDT benefit
- Writing outreach and enrollment activities into the cooperative agreement with the Medicaid program; outreach efforts should address health literacy, culture, and language needs of racially and ethnically diverse families
- Collaborating with state Medicaid agencies to monitor data related to HCBS enrollment and wait lists



### FOCUS ON EQUITY:

Ableism and disability prejudice often impact the portion of Medicaid long-term services and supports expenditures that are directed toward HCBS. Title V programs can use their relationships with families to elevate the importance of HCBS in quality of life for CYSHCN.

Source: Friedman, C. & VanPuymbrouk, L. (July 2019). The relationship between disability prejudice and Medicaid home and community-based services spending. *Disability and Health Journal*. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1936657419300330>

As described in the introduction, the 10 Essential Public Health Services are a key framework underpinning this workbook. Complete the table below to assess your state Title V program's level of activity related to Medicaid Managed Care and level of capacity to participate in work related to MMC.